## AMENDED IN SENATE FEBRUARY 15, 2009 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 7, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 THIRD EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 8

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Evans**

January 5, 2009

An act relating to the Budget Act of 2008. An act to amend Section 41204.1 of the Education Code, to amend Sections 13312, 17561, 29552, 30061, and 30070 of, to amend, repeal, and add Section 19853 of, and to add Sections 17255, 19844.1, 29553, and 99030 to, the Government Code, to add Section 33333.13 to the Health and Safety Code, to amend Sections 13848.2, 13848.4, and 13848.6 of, and to add Section 13812 to, the Penal Code, to add Sections 97.80 and 20623 to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to amend Sections 2104, 2105, 2106, and 2107 of the Streets and Highways Code, to amend Sections 14041.1, 15153, and 18221 of, to add Section 18220.1 to, and to repeal and add Section 18220 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, and to amend Section 6 of Chapter 213 of the Statutes of 2000, relating to state and local government, making an appropriation therefor, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 8, as amended, Evans. Budget Act of 2008. State and local government.

(1) Under the California Constitution, whenever the Legislature or a state agency mandates a new program or higher level of service on any local government, including school districts, the state is required to provide a subvention of funds to reimburse the local government,

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with specified exceptions. Existing law establishes a procedure for local governmental agencies to file claims for reimbursement of these costs with the Commission on State Mandates. These procedures require the Controller to pay any eligible claim by August 15 or 45 days after the date the appropriation for the claim is effective, whichever is later.

This bill would change the date the Controller is required to pay any eligible claim to October 15 or 60 days after the date the appropriation for the claim is effective, whichever date is later.

(2) Existing law authorizes the Director of Finance to reduce General Fund items of appropriation for state operations or suspend the effective date of cost-of-living adjustments or rate increases upon making certain determinations, according to specified criteria and subject to specified exceptions, and subject to submission to, and approval by, the voters at a statewide election of specified amendments to the California Constitution.

This bill would prohibit the director from reducing amounts appropriated for collective bargaining agreements, as specified. The bill would specify that these provisions would only become operative if specified amendments to the California Constitution are submitted to, and approved by, the voters at a statewide election.

(3) Existing law requires the Department of Personnel Administration to provide the extent to which, and establish the method by which, ordered overtime is compensated for state employees.

This bill would prohibit paid or unpaid leave from being considered as time worked by the employee for the purpose of computing cash compensation for overtime or compensating time off for overtime.

(4) Existing law provides that state employees are entitled to specified holidays. Existing law provides that any employee who may be required to work on any of those holidays, and who does work on any of those holidays, shall be entitled to be paid compensation or given compensating time off for that work in accordance with the assigned workweek group of the employee's classification.

This bill, effective February 1, 2009, or the date these provisions take effect, whichever is later, would reduce the number of holidays to which state employees are entitled by eliminating the holidays commonly known as Lincoln Day and Columbus Day. The bill would provide that any state employee who works on any of those remaining holidays shall be entitled to receive straight-time pay and 8 hours of holiday credit. The bill would add provisions regarding the use of holiday credit and the holidays to which persons employed less than full time are entitled.

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(5) The Senior Citizens and Disabled Citizens Property Tax Postponement Law allows senior citizens and disabled persons to file with the Controller a claim to postpone the payment of ad valorem property taxes, special assessments, and fees and other charges, where household income, as defined, does not exceed specified amounts.

This bill would prohibit the filing of a claim for postponement on or after the effective date of the act, and would prohibit the Controller from accepting applications for postponement on or after that date.

(6) Existing law requires state excise fuel tax revenues to be deposited in various accounts and to be allocated, in part, for various purposes, including the cost of collection and authorized refunds. Existing law requires the balance of these funds remaining after authorized deductions to be transferred to, and deposited monthly in, the Highway Users Tax Account in the Transportation Tax Fund. Existing law provides for annual and monthly apportionment by the Controller of specified revenues in the Highway Users Tax Account to counties and cities for the transportation purposes authorized by Article XIX of the California Constitution.

This bill would require transfers of those revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties or cities that would otherwise be made during certain months of 2009, to instead be made in May 2009, as specified. The bill would allow those counties or cities to make use of any cash balance in any county or city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads maintenance, including specified bond funds, during the period of this suspension, and the use of this cash would not be reflected as an expenditure of bond act funds, if the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in May 2009.

(7) Existing law requires revenues from motor vehicle fuel taxes and diesel fuel taxes to be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Motor Vehicle Fund, and authorizes transfers to other accounts and funds, with the balance to be transferred to, and deposited monthly in, the Highway Users Tax Account in the Transportation Tax Fund. Existing law provides for annual and monthly apportionment by the Controller of specified revenues in the Highway Users Tax Account to counties and cities for the transportation purposes authorized by Article XIX of the California Constitution. In addition to other apportionments from the account, a sum equal to the net revenue of 11.5% of any per gallon tax in excess of \$0.09 per gallon imposed under specified tax provisions is required to be apportioned among the counties, including

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a city and county, and an equivalent sum is required to be apportioned to cities, including a city and county, as specified.

This bill would instead specify that a sum equal to \$0.01035 per gallon from the motor vehicle and diesel fuel taxes is required to be apportioned among the counties, including a city and a county, and an equivalent sum is required to be apportioned to cities, including a city and county, as specified. This bill would make other technical and conforming changes.

(8) Existing law authorizes counties and cities and counties to apply to the Controller to receive specified funding for certain booking or detention expenses.

This bill, during the 2008–09 fiscal year, would require 50% of the funding from the Controller to be funded from the Local Safety and Protection Account, which would be continuously appropriated, and during the 2009–10 fiscal year would require those payments to be fully funded from that account, thereby resulting in an appropriation.

(9) Existing law requires the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to allocate \$168,713,000 among counties based on a specified allocation schedule for local probation purposes.

This bill would instead require the Controller, commencing with the 2009–10 fiscal year and every fiscal year thereafter, to allocate 33.52% of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account, to local jurisdictions that support juvenile probation activities, as specified.

The bill would also require the Controller to allocate 6.50% of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account, during the 2008–09 fiscal year, and 5.85% during the 2009–10 fiscal year and every year thereafter, to the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, to be allocated to counties that operate juvenile camps and ranches, as specified.

(10) Existing law establishes within the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance a program of financial and technical assistance for law enforcement and district attorneys' offices, designated the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program, as specified.

This bill would establish the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program in the California Emergency Management Agency, and would require the Controller to allocate 12.68% of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Tax Fund in the 2008–09 fiscal year, and 11.42% in the 2009–10 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter, to the California

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Emergency Management Agency, to be allocated for various crime prevention programs, thereby resulting in an appropriation.

(11) Existing law establishes in each county treasury, a Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund to receive all amounts allocated to a county to fund specified public safety programs.

This bill would, commencing March 1, 2009, require the Controller to fund the Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund from the Local Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Tax Fund, thereby resulting in an appropriation.

(12) Existing law annually appropriates from the General Fund to the Controller for allocation to county sheriff's departments, \$500,000 to enhance law enforcement efforts in specified counties.

This bill would, commencing with the 2008–09 fiscal year, instead, allocate 3.68% of moneys annually deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account to be distributed evenly between specified county sheriffs departments on a quarterly basis, this resulting in an appropriation.

(13) Existing law provides for the Medi-Cal program, administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income persons are provided with a variety of health services. Existing law contains various provisions governing reimbursement rates for Medi-Cal providers and authorizes the department, notwithstanding any other provision of law, and to the extent not otherwise conflicting with federal law, to withhold, or direct the medical fiscal intermediary to withhold, payments for providers, as described, for a period of one month for a month ending prior to January 1, 2009.

This bill would extend the date of this authority to withhold payment to a month ending prior to June 30, 2009.

(14) Existing law specifies the manner in which state and federal funds are to be advanced to counties each month for certain public assistance programs. Existing law provides that the monthly advance of state general funds to counties for benefits or aid grants, administration, and for employment and support services shall be temporarily suspended for the months of July and August 2008 and shall resume on September 1, 2008, with the advances that would have been made in July and August to be paid not later than September 30, 2008.

This bill would provide for the temporary suspension of monthly advance of state general funds to counties for benefits or aid grants, administration, and for employment and support services for certain  $AB 8 \qquad \qquad -6 -$ 

months during 2009 and would provide for the resumption of those payments on September 1, 2009, with the advances that would have been made during those months or suspension to be paid not later than September 30, 2009.

(15) Existing law requires the Board of Administration of the Public Employees Retirement System to approve health benefit plans and contract with carriers offering health benefit plans.

This bill would require the board to defer the payment of the premium to a health benefit plan or dental care plan for an annuitant that is due for the months of February and March 2009 and to make those payments during the month of April 2009.

(16) Existing law appropriates \$2,500,000 to CaliforniaVolunteers, on an annual basis, for the purpose of funding grants to local and state-operated Americorps and Conservation Corps programs, up to 5% of which may be used for state-level administration costs.

This bill would reduce the appropriation to \$1,000,000 for the 2008–09 fiscal year and limit the amount used for administration to \$125,000 and revise the dates on which this and a related appropriation to support this program become inoperative.

(17) Existing law defines the current duties of the Treasurer and the Director of Finance and charges those officers with various responsibilities in connection with the financial affairs of the state.

This bill would require the Treasurer and the Director of Finance, or designated deputies, to meet and confer in a public hearing on or before April 1, 2009, for the purpose of determining whether federal legislation has been enacted that will make available, by June 30, 2010, additional federal funds that may be used to offset not less than \$9,100,000,000 in General Fund expenditures. If the Treasurer and the Director of Finance determine that federal funds in that amount have been made available, the bill would require them to notify the Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the Controller of that determination in writing. The bill would provide that its provisions would be repealed on July 1, 2010.

(18) Existing property tax law requires the county auditor, in each fiscal year, to allocate property tax revenue to local jurisdictions in accordance with specified formulas and procedures, and generally requires that each jurisdiction be allocated an amount equal to the total of the amount of revenue allocated to that jurisdiction in the prior fiscal year, subject to certain modifications, and that jurisdiction's portion of the annual tax increment, as defined. Existing property tax law also

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reduces the amounts of ad valorem property tax revenue that would otherwise be annually allocated to the county, cities, and special districts pursuant to these general allocation requirements by requiring, for purposes of determining property tax revenue allocations in each county for the 1992–93 and 1993–94 fiscal years, that the amounts of property tax revenue deemed allocated in the prior fiscal year to the county, cities, and special districts be reduced in accordance with certain formulas. It requires that the revenues not allocated to the county, cities, and special districts as a result of these reductions be transferred to the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund in that county for allocation to school districts, community college districts, and the county office of education.

This bill would, for the 2009–10 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, require the auditor of a qualified county, as defined, to increase the total amount of ad valorem property tax revenue otherwise required to be allocated to that county by the county equity amount, as defined, and to commensurately reduce the total amount of ad valorem property tax revenue otherwise required to be allocated to school entities in the county, as specified. This bill also would state the intent of the Legislature that a qualified county dedicate the revenues the county receives under the bill for public health and safety purposes.

(19) Existing law requires the Director of Finance to make certain adjustments in one of the formulas used in computing the state's obligation under the California Constitution to provide funding for school districts and community college districts so as to ensure that the modifications in property tax revenue allocation requirements that were made by prior enactments do not have a net fiscal impact on school districts or community college districts, or upon the state's funding obligation to those districts.

This bill would apply this adjustment requirement to the modifications in property tax revenue allocation requirements that are made by this bill.

By imposing new duties on local officials in the annual allocation of ad valorem property tax revenues, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(20) Existing law authorizes redevelopment agencies to collect a property tax increment in a redevelopment project area for redevelopment purposes.

This bill would revise the allocation of property tax increment revenues in the City of Glendora.

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(21) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

(22) The California Constitution authorizes the Governor to declare a fiscal emergency and to call the Legislature into special session for that purpose. The Governor issued a proclamation declaring a fiscal emergency, and calling a special session for this purpose, on December 19, 2008.

This bill would state that it addresses the fiscal emergency declared by the Governor by proclamation issued on December 19, 2008, pursuant to the California Constitution.

(23) This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to make statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2008.

The California Constitution authorizes the Governor to declare a fiscal emergency and to call the Legislature into special session for that purpose. The Governor issued a proclamation declaring a fiscal emergency, and calling a special session for this purpose, on December 19, 2008.

This bill would state that it addresses the fiscal emergency declared by the Governor by proclamation issued on December 19, 2008, pursuant to the California Constitution.

Vote: majority <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>. Appropriation: no-yes. Fiscal committee: no yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 41204.1 of the Education Code is amended 2 to read:
- 3 41204.1. (a) (1) Pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b)
- 4 of Section 41204, the Director of Finance shall annually adjust
- 5 "the percentage of General Fund revenues appropriated for school
- 6 districts and community college districts, respectively, in the
- 7 1986–87 fiscal year" for purposes of applying paragraph (1) of
- 8 subdivision (b) of Section 8 of Article XVI of the California
- 9 Constitution, to reflect those property tax revenue allocation

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modifications required by the qualifying provisions in a manner that ensures that those modifications will have no net fiscal impact upon the amounts that are otherwise required to be applied by the state for the support of school districts and community college districts pursuant to Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution.

- (2) For purposes of this section, "qualifying provisions," means the *all of the following:*
- (A) The amendments made to Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 95) of Part 0.5 of Division 1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code and Article 7 (commencing with Section 33680) of Chapter 6 of Part 1 of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code during the 1991–92 Regular Session to the 2003–04 Regular Session, inclusive, and during any Extraordinary Session concurrently held during those session years, inclusive.
  - (B) Section 97.80 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the 2004–05 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter, "the percentage of General Fund revenues appropriated for school districts and community colleges districts, respectively, in fiscal year 1986–87," for purposes of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution, shall be deemed to be the percentage of General Fund revenues that would have been appropriated for those entities if the qualifying provisions had been operative for the 1986–87 fiscal year.
- (c) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the act adding this section to ensure both of the following:
- (1) That the changes required by the qualifying provisions in the allocations of ad valorem property tax revenues do not have a net fiscal impact upon school districts, as defined in Section 41302.5, or community college districts.
- (2) That the changes required by the qualifying provisions in the allocations of ad valorem property tax revenues do not have a net fiscal impact upon the amounts of revenue otherwise required to be applied by the state for the support of school districts and community college districts pursuant to Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution.
- 38 SEC. 2. Section 13312 of the Government Code is amended to read:

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1 13312. (a) (1) Commencing with the 2008–09 fiscal year, and 2 notwithstanding any other provision of law, if after the annual 3 Budget Act is enacted, the Director of Finance determines that 4 General Fund total available resources for the fiscal year will decline substantially below the estimate of General Fund total 6 resources available upon which the Budget Act was based, or that General Fund expenditures will increase substantially above that 8 estimate of General Fund total resources available, the director 9 may make reductions pursuant to subdivision (b).

- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "total resources available" includes prior year balance and revenues and transfers for the fiscal year.
- (b) Upon making a determination as described in subdivision (a), the Director of Finance, in consultation with agency secretaries and other cabinet members, may reduce General Fund items of appropriation, subject to both of the following:
- (1) The Director of Finance shall not reduce, pursuant to this section, the amounts appropriated for any of the following:
  - (A) The Legislature.
  - (B) Constitutional officers.
- (C) Transfers pursuant to the Article XIX B of the California Constitution.
- (D) Debt service, including, but not limited to, tobacco settlement revenue shortfalls, payment of interest on General Fund loans, and interest payments to the federal government.
  - (E) Health and dental benefits for annuitants.
- (F) Equity claims before the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board.
- (G) Augmentations for contingencies or emergencies.
- (H) Local assistance appropriations.
- (I) Any collective bargaining agreement with a recognized state employee organization.
- (2) A General Fund state operations or capital outlay item of appropriation, and a program or category designated in any line of any schedule set forth by that appropriation, may not be reduced by more than 7 percent.
- 37 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any 38 cost-of-living adjustment or rate increase funded in an annual 39 Budget Act shall be subject to the following conditions:

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(1) If the Director of Finance determines that suspension by up to 120 days of the effective date of a cost-of-living adjustment or rate increase funded in an annual Budget Act is necessary to mitigate conditions that would authorize the issuance of a proclamation declaring a fiscal emergency pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution, that cost-of-living adjustment or rate increase shall not take effect during that time.

- (2) (A) If the Governor issues a proclamation declaring a fiscal emergency pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution, then no cost-of-living adjustment or rate increase funded in the annual Budget Act for that fiscal year shall take effect until the Legislature passes and sends to the Governor a bill or bills to address the fiscal emergency.
- (B) Commencing with the 2009–10 fiscal year, the annual Budget Act shall include a section specifying the cost-of-living adjustments or rate increases included in the Budget Act or authorized by other statutes which may be suspended pursuant to this paragraph.
- (d) The Director of Finance shall report to the Chair of the Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the chairs of the committees of each house of the Legislature that consider appropriations not less than 30 days prior to making reductions pursuant to this section. The report shall list the specific reductions, by department, agency, and program, and state the programmatic effects and impacts of each reduction.
- (e) Cost-of-living adjustments for purposes of this section shall not include any apportionments made to fund a cost-of-living adjustment to augment appropriations made pursuant to Section 2558 of the Education Code, for county office of education revenue limits, or Section 42238 of the Education Code, for school district revenue limits, nor shall it include a cost-of-living adjustment negotiated in a collective bargaining agreement with a recognized state employee organization.
- (f) Nothing within this section shall be construed to confer any authority upon the Director of Finance to modify or eliminate any provision of existing law.
- (g) This section shall only become operative if either Senate Constitutional Amendment 1 or Assembly Constitutional

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Amendment 1 in the 2009–10 Third Extraordinary Session is submitted to, and approved by, the voters at a statewide election. SEC. 3. Section 17255 is added to the Government Code, to read:

- 17255. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature, in enacting this section, to recognize the state's General Fund budget deficit accumulated prior to July 1, 2009. It is further the intent of the Legislature that proceeds from the sale of reimbursement warrants, a short-term obligation up to the amount needed to offset the accumulated General Fund Budget deficit through June 30, 2009, be accounted for as a reduction in expenditures for the 2008–09 fiscal year.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the "accumulated General Fund budget deficit through June 30, 2009" means the projected negative balance of the Special Fund for Economic Uncertainties at the end of the 2008–09 fiscal year, not including the effect of the accrual of reimbursement warrants in subdivision (a) to offset expenditures in 2008–09.
- SEC. 4. Section 17561 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 17561. (a) The state shall reimburse each local agency and school district for all "costs mandated by the state," as defined in Section 17514 and for legislatively determined mandates in accordance with Section 17573.
- (b) (1) For the initial fiscal year during which these costs are incurred, reimbursement funds shall be provided as follows:
- (A) Any statute mandating these costs shall provide an appropriation therefor.
- (B) Any executive order mandating these costs shall be accompanied by a bill appropriating the funds therefor, or alternatively, an appropriation for these costs shall be included in the Budget Bill for the next succeeding fiscal year. The executive order shall cite that item of appropriation in the Budget Bill or that appropriation in any other bill that is intended to serve as the source from which the Controller may pay the claims of local agencies and school districts.
- (2) In subsequent fiscal years appropriations for these costs shall be included in the annual Governor's Budget and in the accompanying Budget Bill. In addition, appropriations to reimburse local agencies and school districts for continuing costs resulting

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from chaptered bills or executive orders for which claims have been awarded pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 17551 shall be included in the annual Governor's Budget and in the accompanying Budget Bill.

- (c) The amount appropriated to reimburse local agencies and school districts for costs mandated by the state shall be appropriated to the Controller for disbursement.
- (d) The Controller shall pay any eligible claim pursuant to this section by—August October 15 or—45 60 days after the date the appropriation for the claim is effective, whichever is later. The Controller shall disburse reimbursement funds to local agencies or school districts if the costs of these mandates are not payable to state agencies, or to state agencies that would otherwise collect the costs of these mandates from local agencies or school districts in the form of fees, premiums, or payments. When disbursing reimbursement funds to local agencies or school districts, the Controller shall disburse them as follows:
- (1) For initial reimbursement claims, the Controller shall issue claiming instructions to the relevant local agencies and school districts pursuant to Section 17558. Issuance of the claiming instructions shall constitute a notice of the right of the local agencies and school districts to file reimbursement claims, based upon parameters and guidelines adopted by the commission, the reasonable reimbursement methodology approved by the commission pursuant to Section 17557.2, or statutory declaration of a legislatively determined mandate and reimbursement methodology pursuant to Section 17573.
- (A) When claiming instructions are issued by the Controller pursuant to Section 17558 for each mandate determined pursuant to Section 17551 or 17573 that requires state reimbursement, each local agency or school district to which the mandate is applicable shall submit claims for initial fiscal year costs to the Controller within 120 days of the issuance date for the claiming instructions.
- (B) When the commission is requested to review the claiming instructions pursuant to Section 17571, each local agency or school district to which the mandate is applicable shall submit a claim for reimbursement within 120 days after the commission reviews the claiming instructions for reimbursement issued by the Controller.
- (C) If the local agency or school district does not submit a claim for reimbursement within the 120-day period, or submits a claim

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pursuant to revised claiming instructions, it may submit its claim for reimbursement as specified in Section 17560. The Controller shall pay these claims from the funds appropriated therefor, provided that except the Controller (i) may audit may take either of the following actions:

- (i) Audit the records of any local agency or school district to verify the actual amount of the mandated costs, the application of a reasonable reimbursement methodology, or application of a legislatively enacted reimbursement methodology under Section 17573, and (ii) may reduce.
- (ii) Reduce any claim that the Controller determines is excessive or unreasonable.
- (2) In subsequent fiscal years each local agency or school district shall submit its claims as specified in Section 17560. The Controller shall pay these claims from funds appropriated therefor, provided that the Controller (A) may audit (i) the records except as follows:
  - (A) The Controller may audit any of the following:
- (i) Records of any local agency or school district to verify the actual amount of the mandated costs, (ii) the application.
- (ii) The application of a reasonable reimbursement methodology, or (iii).
- (iii) The application of a legislatively enacted reimbursement methodology under Section 17573, (B).
- (*B*) The Controller may reduce any claim that the Controller determines is excessive or unreasonable, and (C).
- (C) The Controller shall adjust the payment to correct for any underpayments or overpayments that occurred in previous fiscal years.
- (3) When paying a timely filed claim for initial reimbursement, the Controller shall withhold 20 percent of the amount of the claim until the claim is audited to verify the actual amount of the mandated costs. All initial reimbursement claims for all fiscal years required to be filed on their initial filing date for a state-mandated local program shall be considered as one claim for the purpose of computing any late claim penalty. Any claim for initial reimbursement filed after the filing deadline shall be reduced by 10 percent of the amount that would have been allowed had the claim been timely filed. The Controller may withhold payment of any late claim for initial reimbursement until the next deadline for

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funded claims unless sufficient funds are available to pay the claim after all timely filed claims have been paid. In no case may a reimbursement claim be paid if submitted more than one year after the filing deadline specified in the Controller's claiming instructions on funded mandates.

- (e) (1) Except as specified in paragraph (2), for the purposes of determining the state's payment obligation under paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the Constitution, a mandate that is "determined in a preceding fiscal year to be payable by the state" means any mandate for which the commission adopted a statewide cost estimate pursuant to this part during a previous fiscal year or that were identified as mandates by a predecessor agency to the commission, or that the Legislature declared by statute to be a legislatively determined mandate, unless the mandate has been repealed or otherwise eliminated.
- (2) If the commission adopts a statewide cost estimate for a mandate during the months of April, May, or June, the state's payment obligation under subdivision (b) of Section 6 of Article XIII B shall commence one year after the time specified in paragraph (1).
- SEC. 5. Section 19844.1 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 19844.1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, personal leave, sick leave, annual leave, vacation, bereavement leave, holiday leave, and any other paid or unpaid leave, shall not be considered as time worked by the employee for the purpose of computing cash compensation for overtime or compensating time off for overtime.
- (b) If subdivision (a) is in conflict with the provisions of a memorandum of understanding reached or amended pursuant to Section 3517.5 on or after February 1, 2009, or the date that the act adding this section takes effect, whichever is later, that memorandum of understanding shall be controlling without further legislative action, except that if those provisions of the memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, the provisions shall not become effective unless approved by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act.
- 38 SEC. 6. Section 19853 of the Government Code is amended to read:

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19853. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), all employees shall be entitled to the following holidays: January 1, the third Monday in January, February 12, the third Monday in February, March 31, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the second Monday in October, November 11, the day after Thanksgiving, December 25, the day chosen by an employee pursuant to Section 19854, and every day appointed by the Governor of this state for a public fast, thanksgiving, or holiday.

If a day listed in this subdivision falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be deemed to be the holiday in lieu of the day observed. If November 11th falls upon a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be deemed to be the holiday in lieu of the day observed. Any employee who may be required to work on any of the holidays included in this subdivision, and who does work on any of these holidays, shall be entitled to be paid compensation or given compensating time off for that work in accordance with their classification's assigned workweek group. For the purpose of computing the number of hours worked, time when an employee is excused from work because of holidays, sick leave, vacation, annual leave, or compensating time off, shall be considered as time worked by the employee.

- (b) If the provisions of subdivision (a) are in conflict with the provisions of a memorandum of understanding reached pursuant to Section 3517.5, the memorandum of understanding shall be controlling without further legislative action, except that if the provisions of a memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, the provisions shall not become effective unless approved by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act.
- (c) Any employee, who is either excluded from the definition of state employee in subdivision (c) of Section 3513, or is a nonelected officer or employee of the executive branch of government who is not a member of the civil service, shall be entitled to the following holidays, with pay, in addition to any official state holiday appointed by the Governor:
- (1) January 1, the third Monday in January, February 12, the third Monday in February, March 31, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, the second Monday in October, November 11, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving, December 25, and any personal holiday chosen pursuant to Section 19854. The department head or designee may

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require an employee to provide five working days' advance notice before a personal holiday is taken, and may deny use subject to operational needs.

- (2) When November 11 falls on a Saturday, employees shall be entitled to the preceding Friday as a holiday with pay.
- (3) When a holiday, other than a personal holiday or November 11, falls on a Saturday, an employee shall, regardless of whether he or she works on the holiday, only accrue an additional eight hours of personal holiday credit per fiscal year for the holiday. The holiday credit shall be accrued on the actual date of the holiday and shall be used within the same fiscal year.
- (4) When a holiday other than a personal holiday falls on Sunday, employees shall be entitled to the following Monday as a holiday with pay.
- (5) Employees who are required to work on a holiday shall be entitled to pay or compensating time off for this work in accordance with their classification's assigned workweek group.
- (6) Less than full-time employees shall receive holidays in accordance with Department of Personnel Administration rules.
- (d) (1) Any employee, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 3513, may elect to receive eight hours of holiday credit for the fourth Friday in September, known as "Native American Day," in lieu of receiving eight hours of personal holiday credit in accordance with Section 19854.
- (2) It is not the intent of the Legislature, by the amendments to this subdivision that add this paragraph, to increase the personal holiday credit that an employee receives pursuant to Section 19854.
- (e) This section shall become effective with regard to the March 31 holiday only when the Department of Personnel Administration notifies the Legislature that the language contained in this section has been agreed to by all exclusive representatives, and the Department of Personnel Administration authorizes this holiday to be applied to employees designated as excluded from the Ralph C. Dills Act (Chapter 10.3 (commencing with Section 3512), Division 4, Title 1), and the necessary statutes are amended to reflect this change.
- (f) This section shall become inoperative on February 1, 2009, or the date that the act amending this section in the 2009–10 Third Extraordinary Session takes effect, whichever is later, and, as of January 1, 2010, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that

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becomes operative on or before January 1, 2010, deletes or extends
 the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed.

- SEC. 7. Section 19853 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 19853. (a) All state employees shall be entitled to the following holidays: January 1, the third Monday in January, the third Monday in February, March 31, the last Monday in May, July 4, the first Monday in September, November 11, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving, December 25, the day chosen by an employee pursuant to Section 19854, and every day appointed by the Governor of this state for a public fast, thanksgiving, or holiday.
- (b) If a day listed in this subdivision falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be deemed to be the holiday in lieu of the day observed. If November 11 falls upon a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be deemed to be the holiday in lieu of the day observed.
- (c) Any state employee who may be required to work on any of the holidays included in this section, and who does work on any of these holidays, shall be entitled to receive straight-time pay and eight hours of holiday credit.
- (d) For the purpose of computing the number of hours worked, time when an employee is excused from work because of holidays, sick leave, vacation, annual leave, compensating time off, or any other leave shall not be considered as time worked by the employee for the purpose of computing cash compensation for overtime or compensating time off for overtime.
- (e) Any state employee, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 3513, may elect to receive eight hours of holiday credit for the fourth Friday in September, known as "Native American Day," in lieu of receiving eight hours of personal holiday credit in accordance with Section 19854.
- (f) Persons employed on less than a full-time basis shall receive holidays in accordance with the Department of Personnel Administration rules.
- (g) If subdivision (a), (c), or (d) is in conflict with the provisions of a memorandum of understanding executed or amended pursuant to Section 3517.5 on or after February 1, 2009, or the date that the act adding this section takes effect, whichever is later, the memorandum of understanding shall be controlling without further

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1 legislative action, except that if those provisions of the 2 memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, 3 the provisions shall not become effective unless approved by the 4 Legislature in the annual Budget Act.

- (h) This section shall become operative on February 1, 2009, or the date that the act adding this section takes effect, whichever is later.
- SEC. 8. Section 29552 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 29552. (a) (1) Commencing with the 2007–08 fiscal year, all counties and cities and counties that charged fees pursuant to Section 29550 and cities with Type One detention facilities that charged fees pursuant to Section 29550.3 during the 2006–07 fiscal year may apply to the Controller to receive funding provided pursuant to subdivision (b) that is equal to the fee revenue received by the county, city and county, or city during the 2006–07 fiscal year, to the extent that funding is appropriated therefore in the annual budget act or other appropriation legislation. If insufficient funds are appropriated to equal the full amount of fees received in the 2006–07 fiscal year, each county, city and county and city that applies for funding shall receive a share of the appropriated funds proportionate to the share of fees it received in the 2006–07 fiscal year compared to the statewide total reported to the Controller.
- (2) The remaining portion of any amount appropriated for purposes of this section shall be paid proportionally to all counties, cities and counties, and cities based on the number of bookings within each county during the year previous to the current payment.
- (b) Not later than December 1 of each year, the *The* Controller shall allocate the funds appropriated authorized for the purposes of this section on a quarterly basis commencing October 1, 2009, to all eligible counties, cities and counties, and cities. Any city, county, or city and county that applies for funding pursuant to this section shall comply with all requests for information made by the Controller.
  - (c) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2007.
- SEC. 9. Section 29553 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 39 29553. Commencing with the 2009–10 fiscal year, the payments authorized by Section 29552 shall be fully funded from the Local

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1 Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Tax Fund

- 2 authorized by Section 10752.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- 3 The Controller shall allocate 6.26 percent of the moneys annually
- 4 deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account for purposes
  5 of these payments.
  - SEC. 10. Section 30061 of the Government Code is amended to read:
  - 30061. (a) There shall be established in each county treasury a Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund (SLESF), to receive all amounts allocated to a county for purposes of implementing this chapter.
  - (b) In any fiscal year for which a county receives moneys to be expended for the implementation of this chapter, the county auditor shall allocate the moneys in the county's SLESF, including any interest or other return earned on the investment of those moneys, within 30 days of the deposit of those moneys into the fund, and shall allocate those moneys in accordance with the requirements set forth in this subdivision. However, the auditor shall not transfer those moneys to a recipient agency until the Supplemental Law Enforcement Oversight Committee certifies receipt of an approved expenditure plan from the governing board of that agency. The moneys shall be allocated as follows:
  - (1) Five and fifteen-hundredths percent to the county sheriff for county jail construction and operation. In the case of Madera, Napa, and Santa Clara Counties, this allocation shall be made to the county director or chief of corrections.
  - (2) Five and fifteen-hundredths percent to the district attorney for criminal prosecution.
  - (3) Thirty-nine and seven-tenths percent to the county and the cities within the county, and, in the case of San Mateo, Kern, Siskiyou, and Contra Costa Counties, also to the Broadmoor Police Protection District, the Bear Valley Community Services District, the Stallion Springs Community Services District, the Lake Shastina Community Services District, and the Kensington Police Protection and Community Services District, in accordance with the relative population of the cities within the county and the unincorporated area of the county, and the Broadmoor Police Protection District in the County of San Mateo, the Bear Valley Community Services District and the Stallion Springs Community

Services District in Kern County, the Lake Shastina Community

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Services District in Siskiyou County, and the Kensington Police 1 2 Protection and Community Services District in Contra Costa 3 County, as specified in the most recent January estimate by the 4 population research unit of the Department of Finance, and as 5 adjusted to provide a grant of at least one hundred thousand dollars 6 (\$100,000) to each law enforcement jurisdiction. For a newly 7 incorporated city whose population estimate is not published by 8 the Department of Finance, but that was incorporated prior to July 1 of the fiscal year in which an allocation from the SLESF is to 10 be made, the city manager, or an appointee of the legislative body, 11 if a city manager is not available, and the county administrative 12 or executive officer shall prepare a joint notification to the 13 Department of Finance and the county auditor with a population 14 estimate reduction of the unincorporated area of the county equal 15 to the population of the newly incorporated city by July 15, or 16 within 15 days after the Budget Act is enacted, of the fiscal year 17 in which an allocation from the SLESF is to be made. No person 18 residing within the Broadmoor Police Protection District, the Bear 19 Valley Community Services District, the Stallion Springs Community Services District, the Lake Shastina Community 20 21 Services District, or the Kensington Police Protection and 22 Community Services District shall also be counted as residing 23 within the unincorporated area of the County of San Mateo, Kern, 24 Siskiyou, or Contra Costa, or within any city located within those 25 counties. The county auditor shall allocate a grant of at least one 26 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to each law enforcement 27 jurisdiction. Moneys allocated to the county pursuant to this 28 subdivision shall be retained in the county SLESF, and moneys 29 allocated to a city pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited 30 in an SLESF established in the city treasury. 31

(4) Fifty percent to the county or city and county to implement a comprehensive multiagency juvenile justice plan as provided in this paragraph and to the Board of Corrections Standards Authority for administrative purposes. Funding for the Board of Corrections Standards Authority, as determined by the Department of Finance, shall not exceed two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$275,000). For the 2003–04 fiscal year, of the two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$275,000), up to one hundred seventy-six thousand dollars (\$176,000) may be used for juvenile facility inspections. The juvenile justice plan shall be developed

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by the local juvenile justice coordinating council in each county and city and county with the membership described in Section 749.22 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. If a plan has been previously approved by the Board of Corrections Standards Authority, the plan shall be reviewed and modified annually by the council. The plan or modified plan shall be approved by the county board of supervisors, and in the case of a city and county, the plan shall also be approved by the mayor. The plan or modified plan shall be submitted to the Board of Corrections Standards Authority by May 1, 2002, and annually thereafter of each year. 

- (A) Juvenile justice plans shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following components:
- (i) An assessment of existing law enforcement, probation, education, mental health, health, social services, drug and alcohol, and youth services resources that specifically target at-risk juveniles, juvenile offenders, and their families.
- (ii) An identification and prioritization of the neighborhoods, schools, and other areas in the community that face a significant public safety risk from juvenile crime, such as gang activity, daylight burglary, late-night robbery, vandalism, truancy, controlled substances sales, firearm-related violence, and juvenile substance abuse and alcohol use.
- (iii) A local juvenile justice action strategy that provides for a continuum of responses to juvenile crime and delinquency and demonstrates a collaborative and integrated approach for implementing a system of swift, certain, and graduated responses for at-risk youth and juvenile offenders.
- (iv) Programs identified in clause (iii) that are proposed to be funded pursuant to this subparagraph, including the projected amount of funding for each program.
- (B) Programs proposed to be funded shall satisfy all of the following requirements:
- (i) Be based on programs and approaches that have been demonstrated to be effective in reducing delinquency and addressing juvenile crime for any elements of response to juvenile crime and delinquency, including prevention, intervention, suppression, and incapacitation.
- 38 (ii) Collaborate and integrate services of all the resources set 39 forth in clause (i) of subparagraph (A), to the extent appropriate.

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(iii) Employ information sharing systems to ensure that county actions are fully coordinated, and designed to provide data for measuring the success of juvenile justice programs and strategies.

- (iv) Adopt goals related to the outcome measures that shall be used to determine the effectiveness of the local juvenile justice action strategy.
- (C) The plan shall also identify the specific objectives of the programs proposed for funding and specified outcome measures to determine the effectiveness of the programs and contain an accounting for all program participants, including those who do not complete the programs. Outcome measures of the programs proposed to be funded shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
  - (i) The rate of juvenile arrests per 100,000 population.
  - (ii) The rate of successful completion of probation.
- (iii) The rate of successful completion of restitution and court-ordered community service responsibilities.
- (iv) Arrest, incarceration, and probation violation rates of program participants.
  - (v) Quantification of the annual per capita costs of the program.
- (D) The Board of Corrections Standards Authority shall review plans or modified plans submitted pursuant to this paragraph within 30 days upon receipt of submitted or resubmitted plans or modified plans. The board authority shall approve only those plans or modified plans that fulfill the requirements of this paragraph, and shall advise a submitting county or city and county immediately upon the approval of its plan or modified plan. The board authority shall offer, and provide, if requested, technical assistance to any county or city and county that submits a plan or modified plan not in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph. The SLESF shall only allocate funding pursuant to this paragraph upon notification from the board authority that a plan or modified plan has been approved.
- (E) To assess the effectiveness of programs funded pursuant to this paragraph using the program outcome criteria specified in subparagraph (C), the following periodic reports shall be submitted:
- (i) Each county or city and county shall report, beginning October 15, 2002, and annually each October 15 thereafter, to the county board of supervisors and the Board of Corrections Standards Authority, in a format specified by the Board of

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 Corrections *authority*, on the programs funded pursuant to this chapter and program outcomes as specified in subparagraph (C).

- (ii) The Board of Corrections Standards Authority shall compile the local reports and, by March 15, 2003, and annually thereafter, make a report to the Governor and the Legislature on program expenditures within each county and city and county from the appropriation for the purposes of this paragraph, on the outcomes as specified in subparagraph (C) of the programs funded pursuant to this paragraph and the statewide effectiveness of the comprehensive multiagency juvenile justice plans.
- (c) Subject to subdivision (d), for each fiscal year in which the county, each city, the Broadmoor Police Protection District, the Bear Valley Community Services District, the Stallion Springs Community Services District, the Lake Shastina Community Services District, and the Kensington Police Protection and Community Services District receive moneys pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), the county, each city, and each district specified in this subdivision shall appropriate those moneys in accordance with the following procedures:
- (1) In the case of the county, the county board of supervisors shall appropriate existing and anticipated moneys exclusively to provide frontline law enforcement services, other than those services specified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (b), in the unincorporated areas of the county, in response to written requests submitted to the board by the county sheriff and the district attorney. Any request submitted pursuant to this paragraph shall specify the frontline law enforcement needs of the requesting entity, and those personnel, equipment, and programs that are necessary to meet those needs. The board shall, at a public hearing held at a time determined by the board in each year that the Legislature appropriates funds for purposes of this chapter, or within 30 days after a request by a recipient agency for a hearing if the funds have been received by the county from the state prior to that request, consider and determine each submitted request within 60 days of receipt, pursuant to the decision of a majority of a quorum present. The board shall consider these written requests separate and apart from the process applicable to proposed allocations of the county general fund.
- (2) In the case of a city, the city council shall appropriate existing and anticipated moneys exclusively to fund frontline

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municipal police services, in accordance with written requests submitted by the chief of police of that city or the chief administrator of the law enforcement agency that provides police services for that city. These written requests shall be acted upon by the city council in the same manner as specified in paragraph (1) for county appropriations.

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- (3) In the case of the Broadmoor Police Protection District within the County of San Mateo, the Bear Valley Community Services District or the Stallion Springs Community Services District within Kern County, the Lake Shastina Community Services District within Siskiyou County, or the Kensington Police Protection and Community Services District within Contra Costa County, the legislative body of that special district shall appropriate existing and anticipated moneys exclusively to fund frontline municipal police services, in accordance with written requests submitted by the chief administrator of the law enforcement agency that provides police services for that special district. These written requests shall be acted upon by the legislative body in the same manner specified in paragraph (1) for county appropriations.
- (d) For each fiscal year in which the county, a city, or the Broadmoor Police Protection District within the County of San Mateo, the Bear Valley Community Services District or the Stallion Springs Community Services District within Kern County, the Lake Shastina Community Services District within Siskiyou County, or the Kensington Police Protection and Community Services District within Contra Costa County receives any moneys pursuant to this chapter, in no event shall the governing body of any of those recipient agencies subsequently alter any previous, valid appropriation by that body, for that same fiscal year, of moneys allocated to the county or city pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (b).
- (e) Effective April 1, 2009, the programs authorized by this chapter shall be funded from the Local Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Fund authorized by Section 10752.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. Of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account in the 2008–09 fiscal year, the Controller shall allocate 23.65 percent for purposes of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and shall allocate 23.65 percent for purposes of paragraph (4) of subdivision (b).

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These amounts shall be allocated in two installments, one on April
 1, 2009 and one on July 1, 2009.

- (f) In the 2009–10 fiscal year, and every fiscal year thereafter, the Controller shall allocate 21.30 percent of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account for purposes of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (b), and shall allocate 21.30 percent for purposes of paragraph (4) of subdivision (b).
- (g) The Controller shall allocate funds, upon their appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act, to local jurisdictions for public safety in accordance with this section as annually calculated by the Director of Finance. The Controller shall allocate these funds the amount appropriated for purposes of this chapter in the 2008 Budget Act in four equal three installments, to be paid in September, December, March, and June of each fiscal year and March. In the 2009–10 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, the Controller shall allocate funds authorized for purposes of this chapter on a quarterly basis, beginning October 1.

<del>(f)</del>

(h) Funds received pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be expended or encumbered in accordance with this chapter no later than June 30 of the following fiscal year. A local agency that has not met this requirement shall remit unspent SLESF moneys received prior to April 1, 2009, to the Controller for deposit into the General Fund. A local agency that has not met the requirement of this subdivision shall remit unspent SLESF moneys received after April 1, 2009, to the Controller for deposit in the Local Safety and Protection Account.

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- (i) If a county, a city, a city and county, or a qualifying special district does not comply with the requirements of this chapter to receive an SLESF allocation, the Controller shall revert those funds that were provided for the noncompliant entity prior to April 1, 2009, to the General Fund. Funds provided for the noncompliant entity after March 1, 2009, shall be reverted to the Local Safety and Protection Account.
- 37 SEC. 11. Section 30070 of the Government Code is amended 38 to read:
- 39 30070. (a) The sum of eighteen million five hundred thousand dollars (\$18,500,000) is hereby annually appropriated from the

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1 General Fund to the Controller for allocation Commencing in the 2 2009–10 fiscal year, the program authorized by this chapter shall 3 be funded from the Local Safety and Protection Account in the 4 Transportation Fund authorized by Section 10752.2 of the Revenue 5 and Taxation Code. The Controller shall, on a quarterly basis, beginning on October 1, 2009, allocate 3.68 percent of the moneys annually deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account to county sheriffs' departments to enhance law enforcement efforts in the counties specified in paragraphs (1) to (37), inclusive, according to the following schedule: 11

11		
12	(1) Alpine County	500,000
13	(2) Amador County	500,000
14	(3) Butte County	500,000
15	(4) Calaveras County	500,000
16	(5) Colusa County	500,000
17	(6) Del Norte County	500,000
18	(7) El Dorado County	500,000
19	(8) Glenn County	500,000
20	(9) Humboldt County	500,000
21	(10) Imperial County	500,000
22	(11) Inyo County	500,000
23	(12) Kings County	500,000
24	(13) Lake County	500,000
25	(14) Lassen County	500,000
26	(15) Madera County	500,000
27	(16) Marin County	500,000
28	(17) Mariposa County	500,000
29	(18) Mendocino County	500,000
30	(19) Merced County	500,000
31	(20) Modoc County	500,000
32	(21) Mono County	500,000
33	(22) Napa County	500,000
34	(23) Nevada County	500,000
35	(24) Placer County	500,000
36	(25) Plumas County	500,000
37	(26) San Benito County	500,000
38	(27) San Luis Obispo County	500,000
39	(28) Santa Cruz County	500,000
40	(29) Shasta County	500,000

1	(30) Sierra County	500,000
2	(31) Siskiyou County	<del>500,000</del>
3	(32) Sutter County	<del>500,000</del>
4	(33) Tehama County	<del>500,000</del>
5	(34) Trinity County	<del>500,000</del>
6	(35) Tuolumne County	<del>500,000</del>
7	(36) Yolo County	<del>500,000</del>
8	(37) Yuba County	500,000
9	•	
10	(1) Alpine County	2.7027%
11	(2) Amador County	2.7027%
12	(3) Butte County	2.7027%
13	(4) Calaveras County	2.7027%
14	(5) Colusa County	2.7027%
15	(6) Del Norte County	2.7027%
16	(7) El Dorado County	2.7027%
17	(8) Glenn County	2.7027%
18	(9) Humboldt County	2.7027%
19	(10) Imperial County	2.7027%
20	(11) Inyo County	2.7027%
21	(12) Kings County	2.7027%
22	(13) Lake County	2.7027%
23	(14) Lassen County	2.7027%
24	(15) Madera County	2.7027%
25	(16) Marin County	2.7027%
26	(17) Mariposa County	2.7027%
27	(18) Mendocino County	2.7027%
28	(19) Merced County	2.7027%
29	(20) Modoc County	2.7027%
30	(21) Mono County	2.7027%
31	(22) Napa County	2.7027%
32	(23) Nevada County	2.7027%
33	(24) Placer County	2.7027%
34	(25) Plumas County	2.7027%
35	(26) San Benito County	2.7027%
36	(27) San Luis Obispo County	2.7027%
37	(28) Santa Cruz County	2.7027%
38	(29) Shasta County	2.7027%
39	(30) Sierra County	2.7027%
40	(31) Siskiyou County	2.7027%

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1	(32) Sutter County	2.7027%
2	(33) Tehama County	2.7027%
3	(34) Trinity County	2.7027%
4		2.7027%
5	(36) Yolo County	2.7027%
	(37) Yuba County	2.7027%

- (b) Funds allocated pursuant to this section shall be used to supplement rather than supplant existing law enforcement resources.
- (e) The appropriation and allocation of funds to county sheriffs' departments under this section shall be suspended for the 2003–04 fiscal year.
- SEC. 12. Section 99030 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 99030. (a) On or before April 1, 2009, the Treasurer and the Director of Finance shall meet and confer in a public hearing for the purpose of determining whether federal legislation has been enacted that will make available, by June 30, 2010, additional federal funds that may be used to offset not less than nine billion one hundred million dollars (\$9,100,000,000) in General Fund expenditures.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Treasurer may send a designee and the Director of Finance may designate a deputy of his or her office to act in his or her place and stead for purposes of subdivision (a).
- (c) If, on or before April 1, 2009, the Treasurer and the Director of Finance determine that sufficient federal funds have been made available as described in subdivision (a), the Director of Finance immediately shall notify, in writing, the Joint Legislative Budget Committee and the Controller of this determination.
- (d) This section shall be operative only until July 1, 2010, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 13. Section 33333.13 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
  - 33333.13. (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the Glendora Community Redevelopment Agency's Redevelopment Plan for Glendora Project Area No. 3, as adopted on November 23, 1976, contains an unrealistically low dollar limit on the receipt of tax increment. The Legislature further finds and declares that

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this limit severely restricts the ability of the Glendora Community
 Redevelopment Agency to address conditions of blight which
 remain within its Project Area No. 3.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary or any redevelopment plan previously adopted by the City of Glendora, commencing in the 2008–09 fiscal year and in each fiscal year thereafter until the expiration of the time limit on the receipt of taxes and repayment of indebtedness set forth in a redevelopment plan adopted by the City of Glendora for its Project Area No. 3 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 33333.6 and other applicable statutes, the Glendora Community Redevelopment Agency may receive tax increment revenue from Project Area No. 3, as a separate project area or as that area may be included in a merged or amended area, in an amount of up to the greater of either of the following fiscal year:
- (1) The sum of two million six hundred dollars (\$2,600,000) in each fiscal year.
- (2) In each fiscal year, an amount equal to that amount received by the agency as gross tax increment for the 2007–08 fiscal year.
- (c) The limit on the amount of tax increment that may be received by the Glendora Community Redevelopment Agency from Project Area No. 3 pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be increased each fiscal year by the greater of either (1) 2 percent per year, or (2) the average percentage increase, if any, in the number of dollars of tax increment received by the Glendora Community Redevelopment Agency in the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the calculation is made from each of its other redevelopment project areas with respect to which tax increment revenues were received.
  - SEC. 14. Section 13821 is added to the Penal Code, to read:
- 13821. (a) Of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Fund authorized by Section 10752.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the Controller shall allocate 12.68 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and 11.42 percent in the 2009–10 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, to the California Emergency Management Agency. The Controller shall allocate these funds on a quarterly basis beginning April 1, 2009.
- 39 (b) There funds shall be allocated by the California Emergency 40 Management Agency according to the agency's existing

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programmatic guidelines and consistent with the programs approved in the Budget Act of 2008. Of the amount allocated pursuant to subdivision (a), the California Emergency Management Agency shall distribute these funds according to the following percentages:

- (1) The California Multi-Jurisdictional Methamphetamine Enforcement Teams shall receive 33.95 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (2) The Multi-Agency Gang Enforcement Consortium shall received 0.15 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (3) The CALGANG program administered by the Department of Justice shall receive 0.47 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (4) The Evidentiary Medical Training Program shall receive 1.02 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (5) The Public Prosecutors and Public Defenders Legal Training program shall receive 0.01 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (6) The Sexual Assault Felony Enforcement Teams, authorized by Section 13887, shall receive 8.93 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (7) The Vertical Prosecution Block Grant Program shall receive 25.35 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (8) The High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosection Program, authorized by Section 13848.2, shall receive 20.84 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (9) The Gang Violence Suppression Program authorized by Section 13826.1, shall receive 2.8 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (10) The Central Valley and Central Coast Rural Crim Prevention Programs, authorized by Sections 14170 and 14180, shall receive 6.49 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (c) Beginning in the 2009–10 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter, the California Emergency Management Agency may retain up to 3 percent of the funds allocated in subdivision (a) for program administrative costs.

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1 SEC. 15. Section 13848.2 of the Penal Code is amended to 2 read:

- 13848.2. (a) There is hereby established in the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 California Emergency Management Agency a program of financial and technical assistance for law enforcement and district attorneys' offices, designated the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program. All funds-appropriated allocated to the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 California Emergency Management Agency for the purposes of this chapter shall be administered and disbursed by the executive director of the office Secretary of Emergency Management in consultation with the High Technology Crime Advisory Committee as established in Section 13848.6 and shall to the extent feasible be coordinated with federal funds and private grants or private donations that are made available for these purposes.
  - (b) The Executive Director of the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 Secretary of California Emergency Management is authorized to allocate and award funds to regional high technology crime programs which are established in compliance with Section 13848.4.
  - (c) The allocation and award of funds under this chapter shall be made on application executed by the district attorney, county sheriff, or chief of police and approved by the board of supervisors for each county that is a participant of a high technology theft apprehension and prosecution unit.
  - (d) In identifying program areas that will be eligible for competitive application during the 1998–99 fiscal year for federal funding pursuant to the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Programs (Subchapter V (commencing with Section 3750) of Chapter 46 of the United States Code), the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 shall include, to the extent possible, an emphasis on high technology crime by selecting funding areas that would further the use of federal funds to address high technology crime and facilitate the establishment of high technology multijurisdictional task forces.
  - (e) The agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 shall allocate any increase in federal

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funding pursuant to the Anti-Drug Abuse Act (Public Law 100-690) for the 1998–99 fiscal year to those programs described in subdivision (d).

SEC. 16. Section 13848.4 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

13848.4. (a) All funds appropriated to the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 for the purposes of this chapter shall be deposited in the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program Trust Fund, which is hereby established. The fund shall be under the direction and control of the executive director. Moneys in the fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, shall be expended to implement this chapter.

<del>(b)</del>

13848.4. (a) Moneys in the allocated for the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program Trust Fund pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 13821 shall be expended to fund programs to enhance the capacity of local law enforcement and prosecutors to deter, investigate, and prosecute high technology related crimes. After deduction of the actual and necessary administrative costs referred to in subdivision (f), the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program Trust Fund funds shall be expended to fund programs to enhance the capacity of local law enforcement, state police, and local prosecutors to deter, investigate, and prosecute high technology related crimes. Any funds distributed under this chapter shall be expended for the exclusive purpose of deterring, investigating, and prosecuting high technology related crimes.

<del>(c)</del>

(b) Up to 10 percent of the funds shall be used for developing and maintaining a statewide database on high technology crime for use in developing and distributing intelligence information to participating law enforcement agencies. In addition, the Executive Director of the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 Secretary of California Emergency Management may allocate and award up to 5 percent of the funds available to public agencies or private nonprofit organizations for the purposes of establishing statewide programs of education, training, and research for public prosecutors, investigators, and law enforcement officers relating to deterring,

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1 investigating, and prosecuting high technology related crimes. Any 2 funds not expended in a fiscal year for these purposes shall be 3 distributed to regional high technology theft task forces pursuant 4 to subdivision (b).

<del>(d)</del>

(c) Any regional task force receiving funds under this section may elect to have the Department of Justice administer the regional task force program. The department may be reimbursed for any expenditures incurred for administering a regional task force from funds given to local law enforcement pursuant to subdivision (b).

<del>(e)</del>

(d) The agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 California Emergency Management Agency shall distribute funds in the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program Trust Fund to eligible agencies pursuant to subdivision (b) in consultation with the High Technology Crime Advisory Committee established pursuant to Section 13848.6.

<del>(f)</del>

- (e) Administration of the overall program and the evaluation and monitoring of all grants made pursuant to this chapter shall be performed by the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820, provided that funds expended for these functions shall not exceed 5 percent of the total amount made available under this chapter California Emergency Management Agency.
- SEC. 17. Section 13848.6 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
- 13848.6. (a) The High Technology Crime Advisory Committee is hereby established for the purpose of formulating a comprehensive written strategy for addressing high technology crime throughout the state, with the exception of crimes that occur on state property or are committed against state employees, and to advise the Office of Emergency Services California Emergency Management Agency on the appropriate disbursement of funds to regional task forces.
- (b) This strategy shall be designed to be implemented through regional task forces. In formulating that strategy, the committee shall identify various priorities for law enforcement attention, including the following goals:

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(1) To apprehend and prosecute criminal organizations, networks, and groups of individuals engaged in the following activities:

- (A) Theft of computer components and other high technology products.
- (B) Violations of Penal Code Sections 211, 350, 351a, 459, 496, 537e, 593d, 593e, 653h, 653s, and 635w.
- (C) Theft of telecommunications services and other violations of Penal Code Sections 502.7 and 502.8.
- (D) Counterfeiting of negotiable instruments and other valuable items through the use of computer technology.
- (E) Creation and distribution of counterfeit software and other digital information, including the use of counterfeit trademarks to misrepresent the origin of that software or digital information.
- (F) Creation and distribution of pirated sound recordings or audiovisual works or the failure to disclose the origin of a recording or audiovisual work.
- (2) To apprehend and prosecute individuals and groups engaged in the unlawful access, destruction, or unauthorized entry into and use of private, corporate, or government computers and networks, including wireless and wire line communications networks and law enforcement dispatch systems, and the theft, interception, manipulation, destruction, and unauthorized disclosure of data stored within those computers.
- (3) To apprehend and prosecute individuals and groups engaged in the theft of trade secrets.
- (4) To investigate and prosecute high technology crime cases requiring coordination and cooperation between regional task forces and local, state, federal, and international law enforcement agencies.
- (c) The Director of the Office of Emergency Services Secretary of California Emergency Management shall appoint the following members to the committee:
  - (1) A designee of the California District Attorneys Association.
- 35 (2) A designee of the California State Sheriffs Association.
  - (3) A designee of the California Police Chiefs Association.
- 37 (4) A designee of the Attorney General.
  - (5) A designee of the California Highway Patrol.
- 39 (6) A designee of the High Technology Crime Investigation 40 Association.

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1 (7) A designee of the agency or agencies designated by the 2 Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820 California 3 Emergency Management Agency.

- 4 (8) A designee of the American Electronic Association to represent California computer system manufacturers.
  - (9) A designee of the American Electronic Association to represent California computer software producers.
    - (10) A designee of CTIA The Wireless Association.
    - (11) A representative of the California Internet industry.
  - (12) A designee of the Semiconductor Equipment and Materials International.
- 12 (13) A designee of the California Cable & Telecommunications 13 Association.
  - (14) A designee of the Motion Picture Association of America.
  - (15) A designee of the California Communications Associations (CalCom).
  - (16) A representative of the California banking industry.
  - (17) A representative of the Office of Information Security and Privacy Protection.
  - (18) A representative of the Department of Finance.
  - (19) A representative of the State Chief Information Officer.
    - (20) A representative of the Recording Industry of America.
    - (21) A representative of the Consumers Union.
    - (d) The Director of the Office of Emergency Services Secretary of California Emergency Management shall designate the Chair of the High Technology Crime Advisory Committee from the appointed members.
    - (e) The advisory committee shall not be required to meet more than 12 times per year. The advisory committee may create subcommittees of its own membership, and each subcommittee shall meet as often as the subcommittee members find necessary. It is the intent of the Legislature that all advisory committee members shall actively participate in all advisory committee deliberations required by this chapter.

Any member who, without advance notice to the executive director Secretary of California Emergency Management and without designating an alternative representative, misses three scheduled meetings in any calendar year for any reason other than severe temporary illness or injury (as determined by the Director of the Office of Emergency Services) secretary) shall automatically

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be removed from the advisory committee. If a member wishes to send an alternative representative in his or her place, advance written notification of this substitution shall be presented to the executive director. This notification shall be required for each meeting the appointed member elects not to attend.

Members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for travel and per diem expenses incurred as a result of attending meetings sponsored by the Office of Emergency Services California Emergency Management Agency.

- (f) The director Secretary of California Emergency Management, in consultation with the High Technology Crime Advisory Committee, shall develop specific guidelines and administrative procedures for the selection of projects to be funded by the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program, which guidelines shall include the following selection criteria:
- (1) Each regional task force that seeks funds shall submit a written application to the committee setting forth in detail the proposed use of the funds.
- (2) In order to qualify for the receipt of funds, each proposed regional task force submitting an application shall provide written evidence that the agency meets either of the following conditions:
- (A) The regional task force devoted to the investigation and prosecution of high technology-related crimes is comprised of local law enforcement and prosecutors, and has been in existence for at least one year prior to the application date.
- (B) At least one member of the task force has at least three years of experience in investigating or prosecuting cases of suspected high technology crime.
- (3) Each regional task force shall be identified by a name that is appropriate to the area that it serves. In order to qualify for funds, a regional task force shall be comprised of local law enforcement and prosecutors from at least two counties. At the time of funding, the proposed task force shall also have at least one investigator assigned to it from a state law enforcement agency. Each task force shall be directed by a local steering committee composed of representatives of participating agencies and members of the local high technology industry.

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(4) The California High Technology Crimes Task Force shall be comprised of each regional task force developed pursuant to this subdivision.

- (5) Additional criteria that shall be considered by the advisory committee in awarding grant funds shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (A) The number of high technology crime cases filed in the prior year.
- (B) The number of high technology crime cases investigated in the prior year.
  - (C) The number of victims involved in the cases filed.
- (D) The total aggregate monetary loss suffered by the victims, including individuals, associations, institutions, or corporations, as a result of the high technology crime cases filed, and those under active investigation by that task force.
- (6) Each regional task force that has been awarded funds authorized under the High Technology Theft Apprehension and Prosecution Program during the previous grant-funding cycle, upon reapplication for funds to the committee in each successive year, shall be required to submit a detailed accounting of funds received and expended in the prior year in addition to any information required by this section. The accounting shall include all of the following information:
  - (A) The amount of funds received and expended.
- (B) The use to which those funds were put, including payment of salaries and expenses, purchase of equipment and supplies, and other expenditures by type.
- (C) The number of filed complaints, investigations, arrests, and convictions that resulted from the expenditure of the funds.
- (g) The committee shall annually review the effectiveness of the California High Technology Crimes Task Force in deterring, investigating, and prosecuting high technology crimes and provide its findings in a report to the Legislature and the Governor. This report shall be based on information provided by the regional task forces in an annual report to the committee which shall detail the following:
  - (1) Facts based upon, but not limited to, the following:
- 38 (A) The number of high technology crime cases filed in the 39 prior year.

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(B) The number of high technology crime cases investigated in the prior year.

- (C) The number of victims involved in the cases filed.
- (D) The number of convictions obtained in the prior year.
- (E) The total aggregate monetary loss suffered by the victims, including individuals, associations, institutions, corporations, and other relevant public entities, according to the number of cases filed, investigations, prosecutions, and convictions obtained.
- (2) An accounting of funds received and expended in the prior year, which shall include all of the following:
  - (A) The amount of funds received and expended.
- (B) The uses to which those funds were put, including payment of salaries and expenses, purchase of supplies, and other expenditures of funds.
  - (C) Any other relevant information requested.
- SEC. 18. Section 97.80 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 97.80. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the 2009–10 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, the auditor of a qualified county shall do both of the following:
- (1) Increase the total amount of ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to that county by the county equity amount.
- (2) (A) Decrease the total amount of ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to the county Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund by the county equity amount.
- (B) If, for any fiscal year, there is not enough ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to a county Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund for the auditor to complete the allocation reduction required by subparagraph (A), the auditor shall additionally reduce the total amount of ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to all school districts in the county for that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the county equity amount and the amount of ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to the county Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund for that fiscal year. This reduction for each school district in the county shall be the percentage share of the total reduction that is equal to the proportion that the total

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amount of ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to the school district bears to the total amount of ad valorem property tax revenue that is otherwise required to be allocated to all school districts in a county. For purposes of this subparagraph, "school districts" do not include any districts that are excess tax school entities, as defined in Section 95.

- (C) Any reduction in the amount of ad valorem property tax revenues deposited in the county's Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund as a result of subparagraph (A) shall be applied exclusively to reduce the amounts that are allocated from that fund to school districts and county offices of education, and shall not be applied to reduce the amounts of ad valorem property tax revenues that are otherwise required to be allocated from that fund to community college districts.
  - (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Qualified county" means the county that, of all the counties in the state, was allocated the lowest percentage of countywide ad valorem property tax revenue for the 2006–07 fiscal year.
- (2) "County equity amount" means thirty-five million dollars (\$35,000,000) for each of the 2009–10 and 2010–11 fiscal years, and fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) for the 2011–12 fiscal year and each fiscal year thereafter.
- (c) For the 2009–10 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, ad valorem property tax revenue allocations made pursuant to Sections 96.1 and 96.5 shall not incorporate the allocation adjustments made by this section.
- SEC. 19. Section 20623 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 20623. No person shall file a claim for postponement under this chapter on or after the effective date of the act adding this section, and the Controller shall not accept applications for postponement under this chapter on or after that date.
- SEC. 20. Section 2104 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read:
- 2104. A sum equal to the net revenue derived from a per gallon tax of 2.035 cents (\$0.02035) under the Motor Vehicle Fuel License Tax Law (Part 2 (commencing with Section 7301) of Division 2), 39 1.80 cents (\$0.0180) under the Use Fuel Tax Law (Part 3
- 40 (commencing with Section 8601) of Division 2), and 1.80 cents

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(\$0.0180) under the Diesel Fuel Tax Law (Part 31 (commencing with Section 60001) of Division 2) of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be apportioned among the counties, as follows:

- (a) Each county shall be paid one thousand six hundred sixty-seven dollars (\$1,667) during each calendar month, which amount shall be expended exclusively for engineering costs and administrative expenses with respect to county roads.
- (b) A sum equal to the total of all reimbursable snow removal or snow grooming, or both, costs filed pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 2152, or seven million dollars (\$7,000,000), whichever is less, shall be apportioned in 12 approximately equal monthly apportionments for snow removal or snow grooming, or both, on county roads, as provided in Section 2110.
- (c) A sum equal to five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) shall be apportioned in 12 approximately equal monthly apportionments, as provided in Section 2110.5.
- (d) (1) Seventy-five percent of the funds payable under this section shall be apportioned among the counties monthly in the respective proportions that the number of fee-paid and exempt vehicles which are registered in each county bears to the total number of fee-paid and exempt vehicles registered in the state.

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- (2) For purposes of apportionment under this subdivision, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall, as soon as possible after the last day of each calendar month, furnish to the Controller a verified statement showing the number of fee-paid and exempt vehicles which are registered in each county and in the state as of the last day of each calendar month as reflected by the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- (e) Of the remaining money payable, there shall be paid to each eligible county an amount that is computed monthly as follows: The number of miles of maintained county roads in each county shall be multiplied by sixty dollars (\$60); from the resultant amount, there shall be deducted the amount received by each county under subdivision (d) and the remainder, if any, shall be paid to each county.
- (f) The remaining money payable, after the foregoing apportionments, shall be apportioned among the counties in the same proportion as the money referred to in subdivision (d).

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(g) (1) Transfers of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties pursuant to this section collected during the months of March, April, May, June, and July of 2008, shall be made with the transfer of August 2008 revenues in September of 2008. This suspension shall not apply to a county with a population of less than 40,000.

- (2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a county may make use of any cash balance in its county road fund, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (hereafter bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, without the use of this cash being reflected as an expenditure of bond act funds, provided the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in September of 2008. Counties may accrue the revenue received in September 2008 as repayment of these suspensions for the months of April, May, and June of 2008 back to the 2007-08 fiscal year. Nothing in this paragraph shall change the fact that expenditures must be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding sources for which the moneys were received and meet all the requirements of those funding sources.
- (h) (1) The transfer of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties pursuant to this section that are collected during the months of January, February, and March 2009, shall be made with the transfer of April 2009 revenues in May 2009.
- (2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a county may make use of any cash balance in its county road fund, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance during the period of this suspension, provided the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in May of 2009.
- (3) This subdivision shall not affect any requirement that an expenditure is required to be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding source for which the money was received and to meet all the requirements of its funding source.

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SEC. 21. Section 2105 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read:

2104, 2106, and 2107, from the revenues derived from a per gallon tax imposed pursuant to Section—7351 7360 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and a per gallon tax imposed pursuant to Section 8651 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and a per gallon tax imposed pursuant to Section 8651 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and a per gallon tax imposed pursuant to Sections 60050 and 60115 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the following apportionments shall be made:

(a) A sum equal to the net revenue from a tax of 11.5 percent of any per gallon tax in excess of nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon 1.035 cents (\$0.01035) per gallon from the tax under Section 7351 7360 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, 11.5 percent of any per gallon tax in excess of nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon under Section 8651 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and 11.5 percent of any per gallon tax in excess of nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon 1.035 cents (\$0.01035) per gallon from the tax under Sections 60050 and 60115 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be apportioned among the counties, including a city and county.

The amount of apportionment to each county, including a city and county, during a fiscal year shall be calculated as follows:

- (1) One million dollars (\$1,000,000) for apportionment to all counties, including a city and county, in proportion to each county's receipts during the prior fiscal year under Sections 2104 and 2106.
- (2) One million dollars (\$1,000,000) for apportionment to all counties, including a city and county, as follows:
- (A) Seventy-five percent in the proportion that the number of fee-paid and exempt vehicles which are registered in the county bears to the number of fee-paid and exempt vehicles registered in the state.
- (B) Twenty-five percent in the proportion that the number of miles of maintained county roads in the county bears to the miles of maintained county roads in the state.
- (3) For each county, determine its factor which is the higher amount calculated pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) divided by the sum of the higher amounts for all of the counties.
- (4) The amount to be apportioned to each county is equal to its factor multiplied by the amount available for apportionment.
- 39 (b) A sum equal to the net revenue from a tax of 11.5 percent 40 of any per gallon tax in excess of nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon

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1 1.035 cents (\$0.01035) per gallon from the tax under Section 7351 2 7360 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, 11.5 percent of any per 3 gallon tax in excess of nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon under Section 4 8651 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and 11.5 percent of any 5 per gallon tax in excess of nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon 1.035 cents 6 (\$0.01035) per gallon from the tax under Sections 60050 and 60115 7 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be apportioned to cities, 8 including a city and county, in the proportion that the total population of the city bears to the total population of all the cities 10 in the state.

- (c) (1) Transfers of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties or cities pursuant to this section collected during the months of March, April, May, June, and July of 2008, shall be made with the transfer of August 2008 revenues in September of 2008. This suspension shall not apply to a county with a population of less than 40,000.
- (2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a city or county may make use of any cash balance in the city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads or the county road fund, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (hereafter bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, without the use of this cash being reflected as an expenditure of bond act funds, provided the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in September of 2008. Counties and cities may accrue the revenue received in September 2008 as repayment of these suspensions for the months of April, May, and June of 2008 back to the 2007–08 fiscal year. Nothing in this paragraph shall change the fact that expenditures must be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding sources for which the moneys were received and meet all the requirements of those funding sources.
- (d) (1) The transfer of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties or cities pursuant to this section collected during the months of January, February, and March 2009 shall be made with the transfer of April 2009 revenues in May 2009.

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(2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a city or county may make use of any cash balance in the city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads or the county road fund, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, and the use of this cash shall not be considered as an expenditure of bond act funds, if the cash is replaced when the payments that are suspended pursuant to this subdivision are repaid in May 2009.

- (3) This subdivision shall not affect any requirement that an expenditure is required to be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding source for which the money was received and to meet all the requirements of its funding source.
- SEC. 22. Section 2106 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read:
- 2106. A sum equal to the net revenue derived from one and four one-hundredths cent (\$0.0104) per gallon tax under the Motor Vehicle Fuel License Tax Law (Part 2 (commencing with Section 7301) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code) shall be apportioned monthly from the Highway Users Tax Account in the Transportation Tax Fund among the counties and cities as follows:
- (a) Four hundred dollars (\$400) per month shall be apportioned to each city and city and county and eight hundred dollars (\$800) per month shall be apportioned to each county and city and county.
- (b) Commencing on July 31, 2007, and on the last day of each month after that date, the sum of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) per month shall be transferred to the Bicycle Transportation Account in the State Transportation Fund.
  - (c) The balance shall be apportioned, as follows:
- (1) A base sum shall be computed for each county by using the same proportions of fee-paid and exempt vehicles as are established for purposes of apportionment of funds under subdivision (d) of Section 2104.
- (2) For each county, the percentage of the total assessed valuation of tangible property subject to local tax levies within the county which is represented by the assessed valuation of tangible

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1 property outside the incorporated cities of the county shall be 2 applied to its base sum, and the resulting amount shall be 3 apportioned to the county. The assessed valuation of taxable 4 tangible property, for purposes of this computation, shall be that 5 most recently used for countywide tax levies as reported to the 6 Controller by the State Board of Equalization. If an incorporation 7 or annexation is legally completed following the base sum 8 computation, the new city's assessed valuation shall be deducted 9 from the county's assessed valuation, the estimate of which may 10 be provided by the State Board of Equalization.

- (3) The difference between the base sum for each county and the amount apportioned to the county shall be apportioned to the cities of that county in the proportion that the population of each city bears to the total population of all the cities in the county. Populations used for determining apportionment of money under Section 2107 are to be used for purposes of this section.
- (d) (1) Transfers of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties or cities pursuant to this section collected during the months of March, April, May, June, and July of 2008, shall be made with the transfer of August 2008 revenues in September of 2008. This suspension shall not apply to a county with a population of less than 40,000.
- (2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a city or county may make use of any cash balance in the city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads or the county road fund, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (hereafter bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, without the use of this cash being reflected as an expenditure of bond act funds, provided the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in September of 2008. Counties and cities may accrue the revenue received in September 2008 as repayment of these suspensions for the months of April, May, and June of 2008 back to the 2007–08 fiscal year. Nothing in this paragraph shall change the fact that expenditures must be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding sources

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for which the moneys were received and meet all the requirements of those funding sources.

- (e) (1) The transfer of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to counties or cities pursuant to this section collected during the months of January, February, and March 2009, shall be made with the transfer of April 2009 revenues in May 2009.
- (2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a city or county may make use of any cash balance in the city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads or the county road fund, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, and the use of this cash shall not be considered as an expenditure of bond act funds, if the cash is replaced when the payments that are suspended pursuant to this subdivision are repaid in May 2009.
- (3) This subdivision shall not affect any requirement that an expenditure is required to be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding source for which the money was received and to meet all the requirements of its funding source.
- SEC. 23. Section 2107 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read:
- 2107. (a) A sum equal to the net revenues derived from a per gallon tax of 1.315 cents (\$0.01315) under the Motor Vehicle Fuel License Tax Law (Part 2 (commencing with Section 7301) of Division 2), 2.59 cents (\$0.0259) under the Use Fuel Tax Law (Part 3 (commencing with Section 8601) of Division 2), and 1.80 cents (\$0.0180) under the Diesel Fuel Tax Law (Part 31 (commencing with Section 60001) of Division 2) of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall be apportioned monthly to the cities and cities and counties of this state from the Highway Users Tax Account in the Transportation Tax Fund as provided in this section.

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(b) From the sum determined pursuant to subdivision (a), the Controller shall allocate annually to each city that has filed a report containing the information prescribed by subdivision (c) of Section 2152, and that had expenditures in excess of five thousand dollars

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1 (\$5,000) during the preceding fiscal year for snow removal, an 2 amount equal to one-half of the amount of its expenditures for 3 snow removal in excess of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) during 4 that fiscal year.

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(c) The balance of—that the sum determined pursuant to subdivision (a) from the Highway Users Tax Account shall be allocated to each city, including city and county, in the proportion that the total population of the city bears to the total population of all the cities in this state.

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- (d) (1) For the purpose of this section, except as otherwise provided in-this paragraph (2), the population in each city is the population determined for that city in the manner specified in Section 11005.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. Commencing
- (2) Commencing with the ninth fiscal year of a city described in subdivision (a) of Section 11005.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the sixth fiscal year of a city described in subdivision (b) of Section 11005.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and the 61st month of the city described in subdivision (c) of Section 11005.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the population in each city is the actual population of that city, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 11005.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

**Transfers** 

(e) (1) Transfers of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to cities pursuant to this section collected during the months of March, April, May, June, and July of 2008, shall be made with the transfer of August 2008 revenues in September of 2008.

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(2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a city may make use of any cash balance in the city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (hereafter bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, without the use of this cash being reflected as an expenditure of

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bond act funds, provided the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in September of 2008. Cities may accrue the revenue received in September 2008 as repayment of these suspensions for the months of April, May, and June of 2008 back to the 2007–08 fiscal year. Nothing in this paragraph shall change the fact that expenditures must be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding sources for which the moneys were received and meet all the requirements of those funding sources.

- (f) (1) A transfer of revenues from the Highway Users Tax Account to cities pursuant to this section collected during the months of January, February, and March 2009, shall be made with the transfer of April 2009 revenues in May 2009.
- (2) For the purpose of meeting the cash obligations associated with ongoing budgeted costs, a city may make use of any cash balance in the city account that is designated for the receipt of state funds allocated for local streets and roads, including that resulting from the receipt of funds pursuant to the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality, and Port Security Bond Act of 2006 (Chapter 12.49 (commencing with Section 8879.20) of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code (bond act)) for local streets and roads maintenance, during the period of this suspension, and the use of this cash shall not be reflected as an expenditure of bond act funds, if the cash is replaced once this suspension is repaid in May 2009.
- (3) This subdivision shall not affect any requirement that an expenditure is required to be accrued and reflected from the appropriate funding sources for which the moneys were received and to meet all the requirements of those funding sources.
- SEC. 24. Section 14041.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:
- 14041.1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and to the extent not otherwise conflicting with federal law, the department may hold for a period of one month, or direct the medical fiscal intermediary for the Medi-Cal program to hold for a period of one month, payments to providers or their designated agents for health care services that are provided pursuant to this chapter, and payments to entities that contract with the department pursuant to this chapter, Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) and Chapter 8.75 (commencing with Section 14590) for the delivery of health care services.

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(b) The authority described in subdivision (a) shall be limited to payments for one month only, and only for a month ending prior to January 1 June 30, 2009.

- SEC. 25. Section 15153 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:
- 15153. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section of this code, the method of computing and advancing funds to counties, both as to state funds and funds made available by the United States government, shall be as follows:

10 <del>1.</del>

(a) The department, prior to the beginning of each month, shall estimate the amount to be paid for the month to each county under this part.

14 <del>2.</del>

(b) The department shall then certify to the State Controller the amounts so estimated by it for each county, adjusted by any sum by which it finds that its estimate for any prior period was greater or less than the amount which should have been paid.

<del>3.</del>

(c) The State Controller shall thereupon draw the necessary warrants, and prior to audit or settlement by the department and the State Controller, the State Treasurer shall pay to the treasurer of each county the amount so certified.

4.

(d) Moneys may be advanced by or on behalf of any county to a corporation or association in accordance with the provisions of a contract executed between the county and the corporation or association pursuant to Section 14052 or 14556.

5.

(e) The monthly advance of state general funds to counties for benefits or aid grants, administration, and for employment and supportive services, shall be temporarily suspended for the months of July and August 2008. This suspension shall not apply to a county with a population of less than 40,000. The advance of funds for these two months shall resume on September 1, 2008. In addition to the advance for the month of September, counties shall be paid for the advances that would have been made in July and August 2008 no later than September 30, 2008. Advances for the Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Payment Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (Chapter 3 (commencing

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with Section 12000)) and the In-Home Supportive Services program (Article 7 (commencing with Section 12300) of Chapter 3) shall not be affected by this temporary suspension.

- (f) (1) The monthly advance of state general funds to counties for benefits or aid grants, administration, and for employment and supportive services, shall be temporarily suspended for the months of July and August 2009.
- (2) This suspension made pursuant to this subdivision shall not apply to a county with a population of less than 40,000 persons.
- (3) The advance of funds for the months specified in paragraph (1) shall resume on September 1, 2009.
- (4) In addition to the advance for the month of September, a county shall be paid for the advances that would have been made in the months of July and August 2009, no later than September 30, 2009.
- (5) Advances for the Supplemental Security Income/State Supplementary Payment Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 12000)) and the In-Home Supportive Services program (Article 7 (commencing with Section 12300) of Chapter 3) shall not be affected by the temporary suspension made pursuant to this subdivision.
- SEC. 26. Section 18220 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is repealed.
- 18220. (a) (1) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, commencing July 1, 2005, shall administer funds appropriated for the purposes of this chapter and allocated pursuant to this section.
- (2) For purposes of this chapter, "department" means the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.
- (b) (1) The department shall administer this chapter, including the establishment of agreements with all county probation departments that receive funding under this chapter.
- (2) (A) Subject to the availability of funds in the annual Budget Act, the department shall be responsible for allocating funds to counties.
- (B) Commencing with the 2005-06 fiscal year, the department shall allocate one hundred sixty-eight million seven hundred thirteen thousand dollars (\$168,713,000) among counties based on the allocation schedule specified in this subparagraph. In any year in which the total amount appropriated by the Legislature for

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the purposes of this section differs from the total amount provided in the 2004-05 fiscal year, the amount appropriated shall be apportioned to counties based on the 2004-05 fiscal year allocation schedule as follows:

7    Alpine    \$584      8    Amador    \$100,667      9    Butte    \$538,712      10    Calaveras    \$103,092      11    Colusa    \$57,526      12    Contra Costa    \$4,493,504      13    Del Norte    \$197,338      14    El Dorado    \$508,807      15    Fresno    \$3,635,282      16    Glenn    \$90,484      17    Humboldt    \$286,072      18    Imperial    \$572,419      19    Inyo    \$241,575      20    Kern    \$4,333,734      21    Kings    \$647,746      22    Lake    \$314,736      23    Lassen    \$91,671      24    Los Angeles    \$67,713,506      25    Madera    \$404,791      26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$356,005      31	6	Alameda	<del>\$6,667,935</del>
9      Butte      \$538,712        10      Calaveras      \$103,092        11      Colusa      \$57,526        12      Contra Costa      \$4,493,504        13      Del Norte      \$197,338        14      El Dorado      \$508,807        15      Fresno      \$3,635,282        16      Glenn      \$90,484        17      Humboldt      \$286,072        18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$1	7	Alpine	<del>\$584</del>
10      Calaveras      \$103,092        11      Colusa      \$57,526        12      Contra Costa      \$4,493,504        13      Del Norte      \$197,338        14      El Dorado      \$508,807        15      Fresno      \$3,635,282        16      Glenn      \$90,484        17      Humboldt      \$286,072        18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$12,013        32      Monterey <td< td=""><td>8</td><td>Amador</td><td><del>\$100,667</del></td></td<>	8	Amador	<del>\$100,667</del>
11      Colusa      \$57,526        12      Contra Costa      \$4,493,504        13      Del Norte      \$197,338        14      El Dorado      \$508,807        15      Fresno      \$3,635,282        16      Glenn      \$90,484        17      Humboldt      \$286,072        18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$12,013        32      Monterey      \$1,018,813        33      Napa      \$5	9	Butte	<del>\$538,712</del>
12      Contra Costa	10	Calaveras	<del>\$103,092</del>
13      Del Norte.      \$197,338        14      El Dorado      \$508,807        15      Fresno      \$3,635,282        16      Glenn      \$90,484        17      Humboldt      \$286,072        18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$12,013        32      Monterey      \$1,018,813        33      Napa      \$593,942        34      Nevada      \$209,805        35      Orange      \$14,270,	11	Colusa	<del>\$57,526</del>
14      El Dorado      \$508,807        15      Fresno      \$3,635,282        16      Glenn      \$90,484        17      Humboldt      \$286,072        18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$12,013        32      Monterey      \$1,018,813        33      Napa      \$593,942        34      Nevada      \$209,805        35      Orange      \$14,270,138        36      Placer      \$45,0012<	12	Contra Costa	<del>\$4,493,504</del>
15      Fresno.      \$3,635,282        16      Glenn.      \$90,484        17      Humboldt.      \$286,072        18      Imperial.      \$572,419        19      Inyo.      \$241,575        20      Kern.      \$4,333,734        21      Kings.      \$647,746        22      Lake.      \$314,736        23      Lassen.      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles.      \$67,713,506        25      Madera.      \$404,791        26      Marin.      \$631,365        27      Mariposa.      \$22,394        28      Mendocino.      \$333,240        29      Merced.      \$584,419        30      Modoc.      \$36,005        31      Mono.      \$12,013        32      Monterey.      \$1,018,813        33      Napa.      \$593,942        34      Nevada.      \$209,805        35      Orange.      \$14,270,138        36      Placer.      \$450,012        37      Plumas.	13	Del Norte	<del>\$197,338</del>
16      Glenn	14	El Dorado	<del>\$508,807</del>
17      Humboldt      \$286,072        18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoc      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$12,013        32      Monterey      \$1,018,813        33      Napa      \$593,942        34      Nevada      \$209,805        35      Orange      \$14,270,138        36      Placer      \$450,012        37      Plumas      \$46,127        38      Riverside      \$5,438,322        39      Sacramento      \$3,6	15	Fresno	<del>\$3,635,282</del>
18      Imperial      \$572,419        19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Montered      \$1,018,813        32      Monterey      \$1,018,813        33      Napa      \$593,942        34      Nevada      \$209,805        35      Orange      \$14,270,138        36      Placer      \$450,012        37      Plumas      \$46,127        38      Riverside      \$5,438,322        39      Sacramento      \$3,602,070	16	Glenn	<del>\$90,484</del>
19      Inyo      \$241,575        20      Kern      \$4,333,734        21      Kings      \$647,746        22      Lake      \$314,736        23      Lassen      \$91,671        24      Los Angeles      \$67,713,506        25      Madera      \$404,791        26      Marin      \$631,365        27      Mariposa      \$22,394        28      Mendocino      \$333,240        29      Merced      \$584,419        30      Modoe      \$36,005        31      Mono      \$12,013        32      Monterey      \$1,018,813        33      Napa      \$593,942        34      Nevada      \$209,805        35      Orange      \$14,270,138        36      Placer      \$450,012        37      Plumas      \$46,127        38      Riverside      \$5,438,322        39      Sacramento      \$3,602,070	17	Humboldt	<del>\$286,072</del>
20    Kern    \$4,333,734      21    Kings    \$647,746      22    Lake    \$314,736      23    Lassen    \$91,671      24    Los Angeles    \$67,713,506      25    Madera    \$404,791      26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	18	Imperial	<del>\$572,419</del>
21    Kings    \$647,746      22    Lake    \$314,736      23    Lassen    \$91,671      24    Los Angeles    \$67,713,506      25    Madera    \$404,791      26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	19	<del>Inyo</del>	<del>\$241,575</del>
22    Lake    \$314,736      23    Lassen    \$91,671      24    Los Angeles    \$67,713,506      25    Madera    \$404,791      26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	20	Kern	<del>\$4,333,734</del>
23    Lassen	21	Kings	<del>\$647,746</del>
24    Los Angeles    \$67,713,506      25    Madera    \$404,791      26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	22	Lake	<del>\$314,736</del>
25    Madera    \$404,791      26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	23	Lassen	<del>\$91,671</del>
26    Marin    \$631,365      27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	24	Los Angeles	<del>\$67,713,506</del>
27    Mariposa    \$22,394      28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	25	Madera	<del>\$404,791</del>
28    Mendocino    \$333,240      29    Merced    \$584,419      30    Modoe    \$36,005      31    Mono    \$12,013      32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	26	Marin	<del>\$631,365</del>
29    Merced	27	Mariposa	<del>\$22,394</del>
30    Modoe	28	Mendocino	<del>\$333,240</del>
31    Mono	29	Merced	<del>\$584,419</del>
32    Monterey    \$1,018,813      33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	30	Modoc	<del>\$36,005</del>
33    Napa    \$593,942      34    Nevada    \$209,805      35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	31	Mono	<del>\$12,013</del>
34    Nevada	32	Monterey	<del>\$1,018,813</del>
35    Orange    \$14,270,138      36    Placer    \$450,012      37    Plumas    \$46,127      38    Riverside    \$5,438,322      39    Sacramento    \$3,602,070	33	Napa	<del>\$593,942</del>
36    Placer	34	Nevada	<del>\$209,805</del>
37    Plumas	35	Orange	<del>\$14,270,138</del>
38    Riverside	36	Placer	<del>\$450,012</del>
39 Sacramento	37	Plumas	<del>\$46,127</del>
	38	Riverside	<del>\$5,438,322</del>
40 San Benito	39	Sacramento	\$3,602,070
	40	San Benito	<del>\$360,418</del>

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1	San Bernardino	<del>\$5,856,862</del>
2	San Diego	<del>\$9,463,866</del>
3	San Francisco	\$3,232,706
4	San Joaquin	<del>\$1,493,704</del>
5	San Luis Obispo	<del>\$1,013,424</del>
6	San Mateo	<del>\$3,201,176</del>
7	Santa Barbara	<del>\$2,794,054</del>
8	Santa Clara	<del>\$9,799,213</del>
9	Santa Cruz	<del>\$1,033,949</del>
10	Shasta	<del>\$694,367</del>
11	Sierra	<del>\$6,168</del>
12	Siskiyou	<del>\$126,526</del>
13	Solano	\$1,748,360
14	Sonoma	<del>\$2,200,569</del>
15	Stanislaus	\$889,952
16	Sutter	<del>\$226,793</del>
17	Tehama	<del>\$243,674</del>
18	Trinity	\$58,342
19	Tulare	<del>\$2,381,471</del>
20	Tuolumne	<del>\$119,136</del>
21	Ventura	<del>\$2,900,636</del>
22	<del>Yolo</del>	<del>\$429,067</del>
23	Yuba	<del>\$189,721</del>
24		-
25		
26	<del>Total</del>	\$168,713,000
07		

(C) Commencing with the 2005-06 fiscal year, the department shall allocate thirty-two million seven hundred thousand dollars (\$32,700,000) among counties that operate juvenile eamps and ranches based on the number of occupied beds in each camp as of 12:01 a.m. each day, up to the Corrections Standards Authority rated maximum capacity, as determined by the Corrections Standards Authority.

SEC. 27. Section 18220 is added to the Welfare and Institutions Code, to read:

18220. (a) Of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Fund, authorized by Section 10752.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the Controller shall allocate 33.52 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and 30.19

percent in the 2009–10 fiscal year, and each fiscal year thereafter, for purposes of Section 18221.

(b) The Controller shall allocate funds in equal quarterly installments, commencing April 1, 2009, to local jurisdictions to support juvenile probation activities based on the percentages as follows:

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8	Alameda	3.9522%
9	Alpine	0.0004%
10	Amador	0.0597%
11	<i>Butte</i>	0.3193%
12	Calaveras	0.0611%
13	Colusa	0.0341%
14	Contra Costa	2.6634%
15	Del Norte	0.1170%
16	El Dorado	0.3016%
17	Fresno	2.1547%
18	Glenn	0.0536%
19	Humboldt	0.1696%
20	Imperial	0.3393%
21	<i>Inyo</i>	0.1432%
22	Kern	2.5687%
23	Kings	0.3839%
24	Lake	0.1866%
25	Lassen	0.0543%
26	Los Angeles	40.1353%
27	Madera	0.2399%
28	Marin	0.3742%
29	<i>Mariposa</i>	0.0133%
30	Mendocino	0.1975%
31	Merced	0.3464%
32	<i>Modoc</i>	0.0213%
33	<i>Mono</i>	0.0071%
34	Monterey	0.6039%
35	Napa	0.3520%
36	Nevada	0.1244%
37	<i>Orange</i>	8.4582%
38	Placer	0.2667%
39	Plumas	0.0273%
40	Riverside	3.2234%

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1	Sacramento	2.1350%
2	San Benito	0.2136%
3	San Bernardino	3.4715%
4	San Diego	5.6095%
5	San Francisco	1.9161%
6	San Joaquin	0.8854%
7	San Luis Obispo	0.6007%
8	San Mateo	1.8974%
9	Santa Barbara	1.6561%
10	Santa Clara	5.8082%
11	Santa Cruz	0.6128%
12	Shasta	0.4116%
13	Sierra	0.0037%
14	Siskiyou	0.0750%
15	<i>Solano</i>	1.0363%
16	Sonoma	1.3043%
17	Stanislaus	0.5275%
18	Sutter	0.1344%
19	<i>Tehama</i>	0.1444%
20	<i>Trinity</i>	0.0346%
21	Tulare	1.4116%
22	Tuolumne	0.0706%
23	Ventura	1.7193%
24	<i>Yolo</i>	0.2543%
25	Yuba	0.1125%
26		
27		
28	Total	100%
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SEC. 28. Section 18220.1 is added to the Welfare and Institutions Code, to read:

18220.1. Of the amount deposited in the Local Safety and Protection Account in the Transportation Fund authorized by Section 10752.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the Controller shall allocate 6.50 percent in the 2008–09 fiscal year and 5.85 percent in the 2009–10 fiscal year and each year thereafter. The Controller shall allocate these funds on a quarterly basis beginning April 1, 2009, to the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. The department shall allocate the funds appropriated in the 2008–09 Budget Act and included in the Local Safety and

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1 Protection Account among counties that operate juvenile camps 2 and ranches based on the number of occupied beds in each camp 3 as of 12:01 am each day, up to the Corrections Standards Authority

4 rated maximum capacity, as determined by the Corrections

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SEC. 29. Section 18221 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

18221. (a) Subject to the availability of funds for the purposes described in this section, funds provided pursuant to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 18220 may be used to serve children who are habitual truants, runaways, at risk of being wards of the court under Section 601 or 602, or under juvenile court supervision or supervision of the probation department. Funds may be used to serve parents or other family members of these children if serving them will promote increased self-sufficiency, personal responsibility, and family stability for the child. Services shall be provided pursuant to a family service plan. When a family is served by multiple public agencies or in need of services from multiple public agencies, the family service plan shall be developed through an interdisciplinary approach that shall include representatives from agencies that provide services to the family or that may be required to implement the service plan.

- (b) Services authorized under this section include all of the following:
  - (1) Educational advocacy and attendance monitoring.
  - (2) Mental health assessment and counseling.
- 28 (3) Home detention.
- 29 (4) Social responsibility training.
- 30 (5) Family mentoring.
- 31 (6) Parent peer support.
- 32 (7) Life skills counseling.
- 33 (8) Direct provision of, and referral to, prevocational and vocational training.
  - (9) Family crisis intervention.
- 36 (10) Individual, family, and group counseling.
- 37 (11) Parenting skills development.
- 38 (12) Drug and alcohol education.
- 39 (13) Respite care.
- 40 (14) Counseling, monitoring, and treatment.

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1 (15) Gang intervention.

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- 2 (16) Sex and health education.
- 3 (17) Anger management, violence prevention, and conflict 4 resolution.
  - (18) Aftercare services as juveniles transition back into the community and reintegrate into their families.
- 7 (19) Information and referral regarding the availability of 8 community services.
  - (20) Case management.
- (21) Therapeutic day treatment. 10
  - (22) Transportation related to any of the services described in this subdivision.
    - (23) Emergency and temporary shelter.
  - SEC. 30. Section 6 of Chapter 213 of the Statutes of 2000 is amended to read:
  - Sec. 6. The following sums are hereby appropriated from the General Fund to be allocated according to the following schedule:
  - (\$5,000,000) (a) (1) Five million dollars California Volunteers, on an annual basis, for the purpose of funding grants to local and state operated Americorps and Conservation Corps programs, up to 5 percent of which may be used for state level administration costs.
  - (2) This subdivision shall be inoperative from suspended effective July 1, 2008, to June 30, 2010, inclusive 2009.
  - (b) (1) Two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) One million dollars (\$1,000,000) for the 2008–09 fiscal year to California Volunteers, on an annual basis, for the purpose of funding grants to local and state operated Americorps and Conservation Corps programs, up to 5 percent of which one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) may be used for state level state-level administration costs.
  - (2) This subdivision shall be inoperative after June 30, 2010 2009.
- 34 (c) One million dollars (\$1,000,000) to the Superintendent of 35 Public Instruction for the purpose of developing or revising, as needed, a model curriculum on the life and work of Cesar Chavez 36 and distributing that curriculum to each school.
- 38 SEC. 31. Notwithstanding any other law, the state shall defer 39 its contributions toward annuitant health care premiums required by the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (Part 5 40

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1 (commencing with Section 22750) of Title 2 of Division 5 of the 2 Government Code) and annuitant dental care premiums required 3 by the State Employees' Dental Care Act (Part 6 (commencing 4 with Section 22950) of Title 2 of Division 5 of the Government 5 Code) that are payable in the months of February and March 2009 6 and shall thereafter make those payments in April 2009.

- SEC. 32. The Legislature finds and declares that due to unique circumstances relating to the City of Glendora, as stated in Section 13 of this act, a general statute cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution.
- SEC. 33. The Legislature hereby finds and declares, with respect to Section 18 of this act, that a general statute cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution, and that a special statute is necessary because of the unique inequities experienced from fiscal year to fiscal year by the county that, of all of the counties in the state, was allocated the lowest percentage of countywide ad valorem property tax revenues for the 2006–07 fiscal year.
- SEC. 34. It is the intent of the Legislature that a qualified county dedicate the revenues the county receives under Section 18 of this act for public health and public safety purposes.
- SEC. 35. This act addresses the fiscal emergency declared by the Governor by proclamation on December 19, 2008, pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 10 of Article IV of the California Constitution.
- SEC. 36. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because this act provides for offsetting savings to local agencies or school districts that result in no net costs to the local agencies or school districts, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code.
- SEC. 37. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:
- In order to make the necessary statutory changes to achieve cash savings at the earliest possible time, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.

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- SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to make statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2008.
- 3 SEC. 2. This act addresses the fiscal emergency declared by
- 4 the Governor by proclamation on December 19, 2008, pursuant
- 5 to subdivision (f) of Section 10 of Article IV of the California
- 6 Constitution.

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